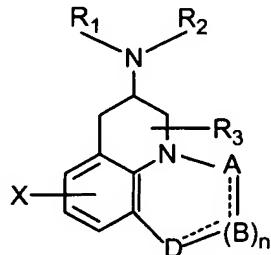


Appendix A

Amended Claim with Markings to Show Changes Made

7. A method of increasing sexual desire, interest or performance in a human who is desirous thereof which comprises administering a sexually useful effective amount of a compound of the formula (A)



where

R₁, R₂ and R₃ are the same or different and are:

- H,
- C₁-C₆ alkyl,
- C₃-C₅ alkenyl,
- C₃-C₅ alkynyl,
- C₃-C₅ cycloalkyl,
- C₄-C₁₀ cycloalkyl,
- phenyl substituted C₁-C₆ alkyl,

-NR₁R₂ where R₁ and R₂ are cyclized with the attached nitrogen atom to produce pyrrolidiyl, piperidinyl, morphoninyl, 4-methyl piperazinyl or imidazolyl;

X is:

- H,
- C₁-C₆ alkyl,
- F, -Cl, -Br, -I,
- OH,
- C₁-C₆ alkoxy,
- cyano,
- carboxamide,
- carboxyl,
- (C₁-C₆ alkoxy)carbonyl,

A is:

CH,
CH₂,
CH-(halogen) where halogen is -F, -Cl, -Br, -I,
CHCH₃,
C=O,
C=S,
C-SCH₃,
C=NH,
C-NH₂,
C-NHCH₃,
C-NHCOOCH₃,
C-NHCN,
SO₂,
N;

B is:

CH₂,
CH,
CH-(halogen) where halogen is as defined above,
C=O,
N,
NH,
N-CH₃,

D is:

CH,
CH₂,
CH-(halogen) where halogen is as defined above,
C=O,
O,
N,
NH,
N-CH₃,

and n is 0 or 1, and where — is a single or double bond, with the provisos:

(1) that when n is 0, and

A is CH_2 , $\text{CH}-\text{(halogen)}$ where halogen is as defined above, CHCH_3 , $\text{C}=\text{O}$, $\text{C}=\text{S}$, $\text{C}=\text{NH}$, SO_2 ;

then D is CH_2 , $\text{CH}-\text{(halogen)}$ where halogen is as defined above, $\text{C}=\text{O}$, O , NH , N-CH_3 ;

(2) that when n is 0, and

A is CH , C-SCH_3 , C-NH_2 , C-NHCH_3 , C-NHCOOCH_3 , C-NHCN , N ; then

D is CH , N ;

(3) that when n is 1, and

A is CH_2 , $\text{CH}-\text{(halogen)}$ where halogen is as defined above, CHCH_3 , $\text{C}=\text{O}$, $\text{C}=\text{S}$, $\text{C}=\text{NH}$, SO_2 ; and

B is CH_2 , $\text{CH}-\text{(halogen)}$ where halogen is as defined above, $\text{C}=\text{O}$, NH , N-CH_3 ; then

D is CH_2 , $\text{C}=\text{O}$, O , NH , N-CH_3 ;

(4) that when n is 1, and

A is CH , C-SCH_3 , C-NH_2 , C-NHCH_3 , C-NHCOOCH_3 , C-NHCN , N ; and

B is CH , N ; then

D is CH_2 , $\text{C}=\text{O}$, O , NH , N-CH_3 ;

(5) that when n is 1, and

A is CH_2 , CHCH_3 , $\text{C}=\text{O}$, $\text{C}=\text{S}$, $\text{C}=\text{NH}$, SO_2 , and

B is CH , N ; then

D is CH , N ; [and pharmaceutically acceptable salts] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof to the human.